Α	PPENDIX C: PLAN C		BETES		
		IFORMATION	I. (M		
School	Age Homeroom	Teacher Stu	dent Name		
		RE — DIABETES			
	STUDENT IN	IFORMATION			
Student Name	Date Of Birth				
Ontario Ed. #	Age	Age			
Grade	Teacher(s)				
EMERGENCY CONTACTS (LIST IN PRIORITY)					
NAME	RELATIONSHIP	DAYTIME PHONE	ALTERNATE PHONE		
1.					
2.					
3.					
Has an emergency rescue medication been prescribed? ☐ Yes ☐ No					
If yes, attach the rescue medication plan, healthcare providers' orders and authorization from the student's parent(s)/guardian(s) for a trained person to administer the medication.					
NOTE: Rescue medication training for the prescribed rescue medication and route of administration must be done in collaboration with a regulated healthcare professional.					
TYPE 1 DIABETES SUPPORTS					
Names of trained individuals who will provide support with diabetes-related tasks: (e.g., designated staff or community care allies.)					
Method of home-school communication:					
Any other medical condition or allergy?					

# APPENDIX C: PLAN OF CARE — DIABETES STUDENT INFORMATION

School Age Homeroom Teacher Student Name

DAILY/ROUTINE DIABETES MANAGEMENT				
Student is able to manage their diabetes care independently and does not require any special care from the school.				
☐ Yes ☐ No☐ If Yes, go directly to page five (5) — Emergency Procedures				
ROUTINE	ACTION			
BLOOD GLUCOSE MONITORING	Target Blood Glucose Range			
☐ Student requires trained individual to check BG/ read meter.	Time(s) to check BG:			
☐ Student needs supervision to check BG/ read meter.	Contact Parent(s)/Guardian(s) if BG is:			
☐ Student can independently check BG/ read meter.	Parent(s)/Guardian(s) Responsibilities:			
☐ Student has continuous glucose monitor (CGM)	School Responsibilities:			
* Students should be able to check blood glucose anytime, anyplace, respecting their preference for privacy.	Student Responsibilities:			
NUTRITION BREAKS	Recommended time(s) for meals/snacks:			
☐ Student requires supervision during meal times to ensure completion.	Parent(s)/Guardian(s) Responsibilities:			
☐ Student can independently manage their food intake.	School Responsibilities:			
* Reasonable accommodation must be made to allow student to	Student Responsibilities:			
eat all of the provided meals and snacks on time. Students should not trade or share food/snacks with other students.	Special instructions for meal days/ special events:			

### **APPENDIX C: PLAN OF CARE — DIABETES**

#### STUDENT INFORMATION

School Age Homeroom Teacher Student Name

ROUTINE	ACTION (CONTINUED)		
INSULIN	Location of insulin:		
☐ Student does not take insulin at school. ☐ Student takes insulin at school by:	Required times for insulin:		
□ Injection □ Pump	☐ Before school:	☐ Morning Break:	
☐ Insulin is given by: ☐ Student ☐ Student with	☐ Lunch Break: ☐ Afternoon Break: ☐ Other (Specify):		
supervision ☐ Parent(s)/Guardian(s) ☐ Trained Individual ★ All students with Type 1	Parent(s)/Guardian(s) responsibilities: School Responsibilities:		
diabetes use insulin. Some students will require insulin during the school day, typically before meal/nutrition breaks.	Student Responsibilities: Additional Comments:		
Physical activity lowers blood glucose. BG is often checked before activity. Carbohydrates may need to be eaten before/after physical activity. A source of fast-acting sugar must always be within student's reach.	Please indicate what this student melp prevent low blood sugar:  1. Before activity:  2. During activity:  3. After activity:  Parent(s)/Guardian(s) Responsibilities:  School Responsibilities:  Student Responsibilities:	ies:	

### **APPENDIX C: PLAN OF CARE — DIABETES**

#### STUDENT INFORMATION

School Age Homeroom Teacher Student Name

ROUTINE	ACTION (CONTINUED)
DIABETES MANAGEMENT KIT	Kits will be available in different locations but will include:
Parents/guardians must provide, maintain, and refresh supplies.	☐ Blood Glucose meter, BG test strips, and lancets
School must ensure this kit is accessible all times. (e.g., field	☐ Insulin and insulin pen and supplies.
trips, fire drills, lockdowns) and advise parents/guardians when supplies are low.	☐ Source of fast-acting sugar (e.g., juice, candy, glucose
	tabs ) ☐ Carbohydrate containing snacks
	☐ Other (Please list)
	Location of Kit:
SPECIAL NEEDS	Comments:
A student with special considerations may require more assistance than outlined in this	
plan.	

#### **APPENDIX C: PLAN OF CARE — DIABETES** STUDENT INFORMATION School Age Homeroom Teacher Student Name **EMERGENCY PROCEDURES** HYPOGLYCEMIA - LOW BLOOD GLUCOSE (4 mmol/L or less) DO NOT LEAVE STUDENT UNATTENDED Usual symptoms of Hypoglycemia for my child are: ☐ Shaky ☐ Irritable/Grouchy □ Dizzy □ Trembling ☐ Blurred Vision ☐ Headache ☐ Hungry ☐ Weak/Fatique □ Pale □ Confused □ Other Steps to take for Mild Hypoglycemia (student is responsive) 1. Check blood glucose, give grams of fast acting carbohydrate (e.g., ½ cup of juice, 15 skittles) 2. Re-check blood glucose in 15 minutes. 3. If still below 4 mmol/L, repeat steps 1 and 2 until BG is above 4 mmol/L. Give a starchy snack if next meal/snack is more than one (1) hour away. Steps for Severe Hypoglycemia (student is unresponsive) 1. Place the student on their side in the recovery position. 2. Call 9-1-1. Do not give food or drink (choking hazard). If prescribed, administer rescue medication as directed by the healthcare provider. Supervise student until emergency medical personnel arrives. 3. Contact parent(s)/guardian(s) or emergency contact HYPERGLYCEMIA — HIGH BLOOD GLOCOSE (14 MMOL/L OR ABOVE) Usual symptoms of hyperglycemia for my child are: ☐ Extreme Thirst ☐ Frequent Urination ☐ Headache ☐ Hungry Abdominal Pain □ Blurred Vision ☐ Warm, Flushed Skin ☐ Irritability ☐ Other: Steps to take for Mild Hyperglycemia 1. Allow student free use of bathroom 2. Encourage student to drink water only 3. Inform the parent/guardian if BG is above Symptoms of Severe Hyperglycemia (Notify parent(s)/guardian(s) immediately) ☐ Fruity Breath ☐ Rapid, Shallow Breathing Vomiting Steps to take for Severe Hyperglycemia 1. If possible, confirm hyperglycemia by testing blood glucose 2. Call parent(s)/guardian(s) or emergency contact

## **APPENDIX C: PLAN OF CARE — DIABETES** STUDENT INFORMATION School Age Homeroom Teacher Student Name HEALTHCARE PROVIDER INFORMATION (OPTIONAL) Healthcare provider may include: Physician, Nurse Practitioner, Registered Nurse, Pharmacist, Respiratory Therapist, Certified Respiratory Educator, or Certified Asthma Educator. Healthcare Provider's Name: Profession/Role: Signature: Date: Special Instructions/Notes/Prescription Labels: If medication is prescribed, please include dosage, frequency and method of administration, dates for which the authorization to administer applies, and possible side effects. \*This information may remain on file if there are no changes to the student's medical condition. **AUTHORIZATION/PLAN REVIEW** INDIVIDUALS WITH WHOM THIS PLAN OF CARE (POC) IS TO BE SHARED: Note: Only individuals involved in the daily/routine management require the entire Plan of Care. All others will receive Emergency Procedures Section only. Please select one of the following: □ DSBN Teaching and Support Staff, Niagara Student Transportation Services and food service providers. ☐ Only those listed below: Parent(s)/Guardian(s): Date: Signature Signature Student: Principal: \_\_\_\_ Date: Signature

Personal information and personal health information on this form is collected, used and disclosed in accordance with the Education Act, R.S.O. 1990, c.E.2, as amended, the Municipal Freedom of Information and Protection of Privacy Act. R.S.O. 1990, c.M. 56, as amended and the Personal Health Information Protection Act, 2004, c.3 Sched. A., as amended and will be used for the purpose of providing student health information for the Plan of Care and any similar or related purpose(s). Questions about this collection, use and disclosure should be directed to the Freedom of Information Coordinator, District School Board of Niagara, 191 Carlton Street, St. Catharines, ON L2R 7P4 905-641-1550